**Social groups**

Agree or disagree. "You are who you roll with"

Must have to be a group?

1. Members 2 or more people

2. Interaction

3. Shared expectations

4.common identity-positive regard

5. Leaders
Expressive leaders

Instrumental Leaders

6. Conformity to group norms-

Types of Groups

Primary Groups-small group, long period of time, direct and personal, informal structure, close relationships, individual is important because part of the group.

Examples-

Secondary Groups-impersonal, temporary, limited involvement, individual is important for what they can do FOR the group, formal structure, goal oriented

Examples-

Reference Group-group a person identities with or is identified with

In group

Out group

Social Network. Officially, all the groups you belong to both online and in real life

E-communities-

Varying Factors

Size-

Organization-

**6 degrees of separation-**